

Differences in cone production among stone pine clones

- an overview of the Spanish Breeding Program

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The beginnings of the breeding program

➤ **National and Regional programs (s. 1990s):**

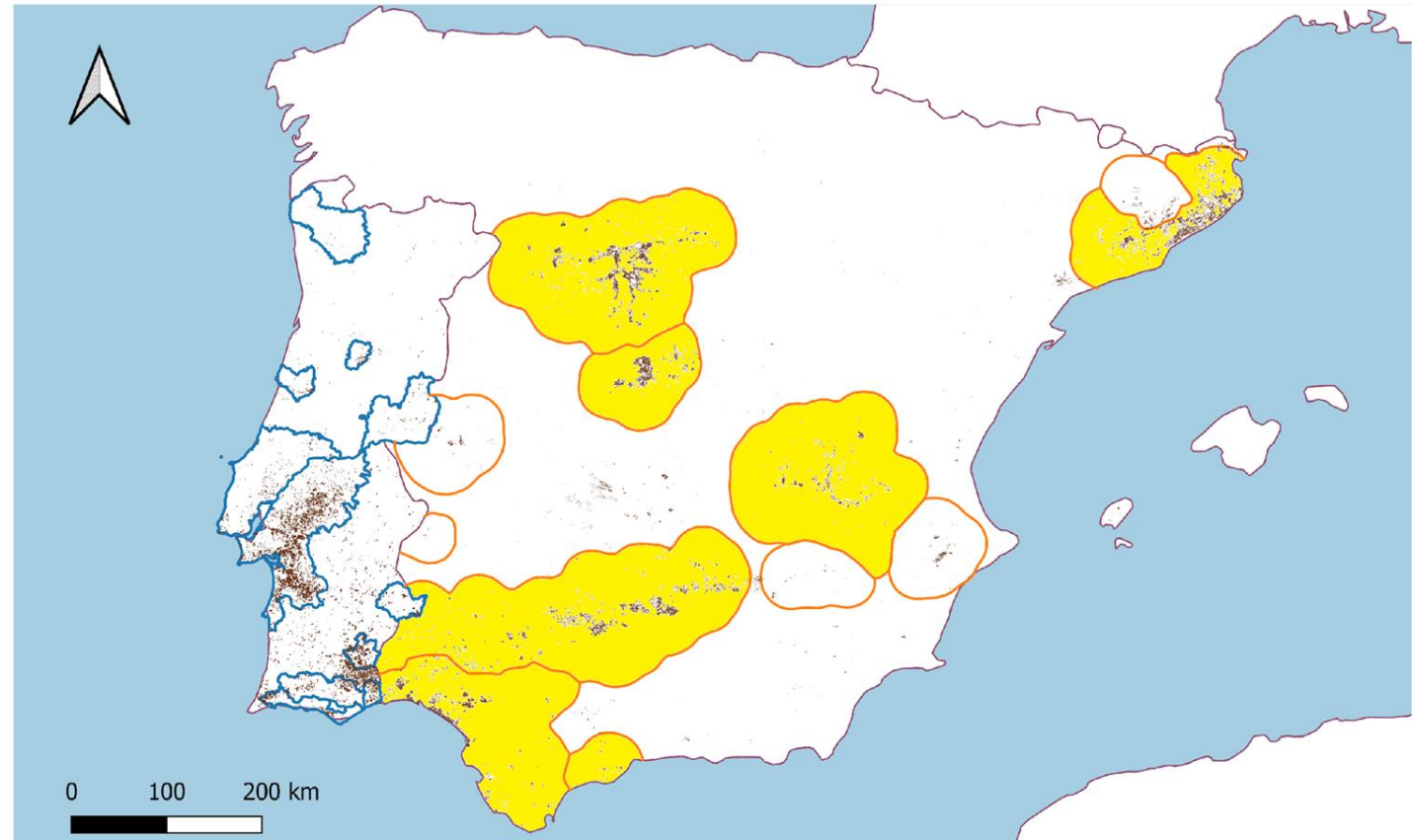
- Ministry of Agriculture/Environment
- Regional Forest Services
- Universities
- ICIFOR-INIA

➤ **Objective:**

- Seed stands for Provenance Regions
- Species domestication aiming at agroforestry plantations for pine nuts.

➤ clone selection + grafting +
low density plantation + tending

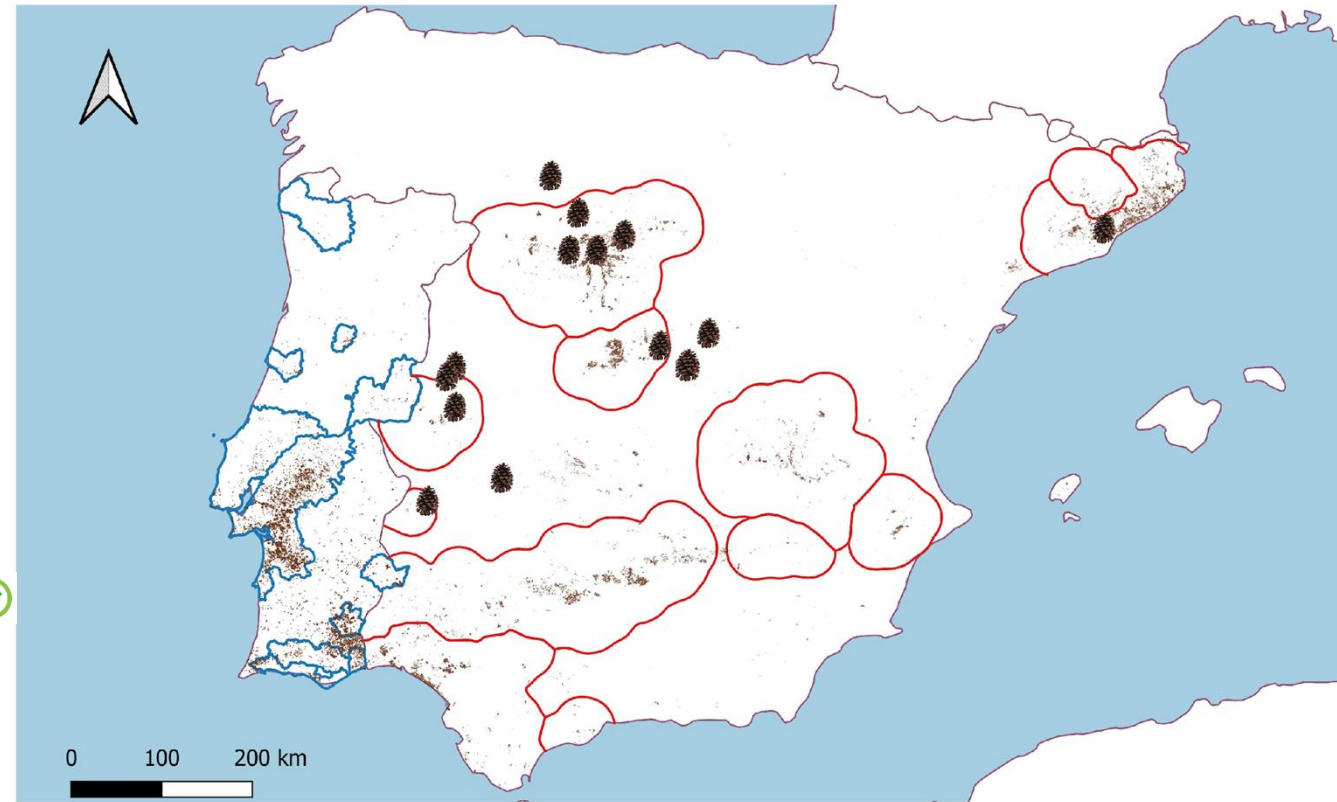
- ~ 360 genotypes (plus trees) from 4 provenances tested in clonal banks
- + 120 genotypes from Andalusian provenances



Iberian *Pinus pinea* Provenance Regions

Current established grafted clone trials

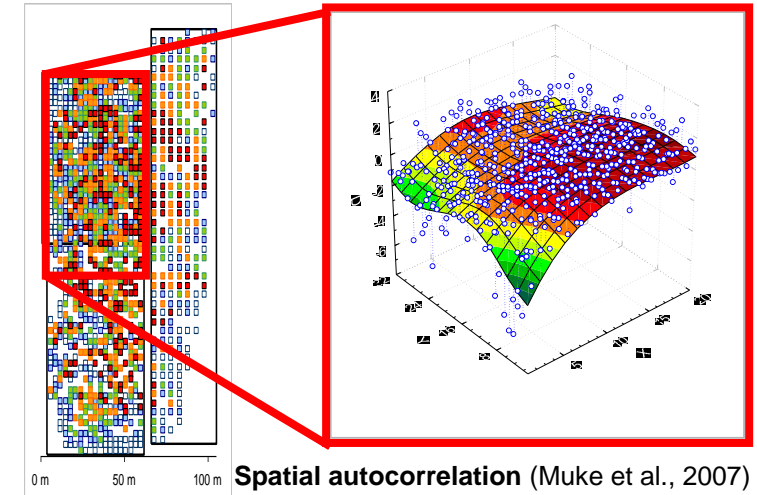
| Code | Institution | Center | Province | Area (ha) | PI. Year | |
|------------|---------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---|
| B23PH1 | MITECO | CNRGF Puerta de Hierro | Madrid | 0.6 | 1991 | ✓ |
| B23PH2 | MITECO | CNRGF Puerta de Hierro | Madrid | 0.7 | 1992 | ✓ |
| B23PH3 | MITECO | CNRGF Puerta de Hierro | Madrid | 0.6 | 1993 | ✓ |
| B23PH4 | MITECO | CNRGF Puerta de Hierro | Madrid | 0.8 | 1998 | ✓ |
| B23MN1 | JCyL | Quintanilla de Onésimo | Valladolid | 4.5 | 1991 | ✓ |
| B23MN2 | JCyL | V. El Molinillo, Tordesillas | Valladolid | 2.0 | 1998 | ✓ |
| B23MAY | JCyL | Mayorga | Valladolid | 0.5 | 2008 | ✓ |
| B23MAT | Diput. VA | Matallana, Villalba de los Alcores | Valladolid | 2 | 2008 | ✓ |
| B23PED | JCyL | La Pedraja de Portillo | Valladolid | 1 | 2009 | ✓ |
| B23TOR | JCyL | V. El Molinillo, Tordesillas | Valladolid | 1.5 | 2007 | ✓ |
| B23SER CAT | MITECO | CNRGF EL Serranillo | Guadalajara | 0.7 | 2004 | ✓ |
| B23SER | MITECO | CNRGF EL Serranillo | Guadalajara | 1.0 | 2007 | ✓ |
| B23ARG2007 | IMIDRA | CTT La Isla, Arganda del Rey | Madrid | 0.8 | 2007 | |
| B23IRTA | IRTA | Torre Marimón, Caldes de Montbui | Barcelona | 1 | 2008-9-10 | ✓ |
| B23EXHP | Local council | Ayto. Hernán Pérez | Cáceres | 3.5 | 2021 | |
| B23JEXVH | JEX | V. San Marcos, Holguera | Cáceres | 0.86 | 2021 | |
| B23JEXVP | JEX | V. de Palazuelo, Villar de Rena | Badajoz | 0.5 | 2021 | |
| B23JEXVLMG | JEX | V. La Moheda de Gata | Cáceres | 0.89 | 2021 | |
| B23JEXVRCH | JEX | V. Rueda Chica, Puebl. del Guad. | Badajoz | 0.78 | 2021 | |
| | | | | 24.2 | | |



Spanish clone trials

1st Evaluation of clonal banks

- 6 common-garden comparative clone trials: 4 Ministry (MITECO) + 2 Regional Junta de Castilla y León
- Yearly cone harvest per tree (number, Kg, damages)
 - 10-20 yr individual tree production
- **Clone selection** (Mutke *et al.*, 2007):



Challenge: strong **spatial autocorrelation** that masks genetic gain

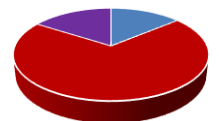
Tree size = 14% clonal effect, but 70% spatial autocorrelation (microsite)

Cone production = 22% clonal effect, but 45% due to tree size (allometry) + 14% microsite

Solution: weight individual clone production with tree size and microsite effect as **covariates**

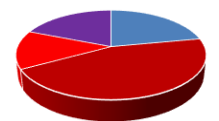
Cone production (+ masting) + Allometry (\emptyset) + Microsite effect

Tree size



■ Clonal effect % ■ Microsite %
■ Residuals %

Cone production



■ Clonal effect % ■ Allometry %
■ Microsite % ■ Residuals %

➤ Results:

- Clonal degree of genetic determination of cone production: ~ **20% (H^2)**
- Gain: + **20-40%** with top 10% selected clones

1st Registration of clones

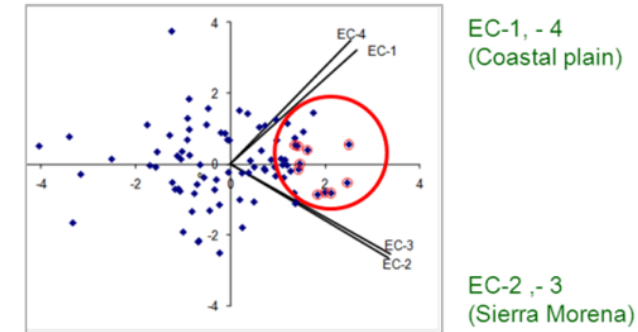
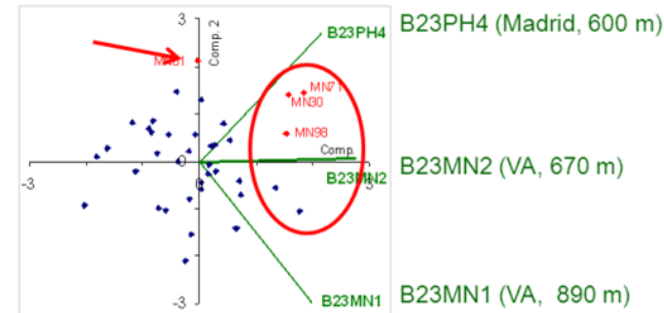


- Clone identification: **microsatellite markers** (nuSSRs)
 - Adapted for *P. pinea* (Pinzauti *et al.*, 2012, S. González Martínez, 2013)
 - 6 (+1) polymorphic nuSSRs
 - 1 very common molecular profile (20% of all samples)
 - Only a few unique profiles (allele combinations)
- Only 15 elite clones with distinct profile registered in National Register of Basic Materials (2015)
- Establishment of 1 stock nursery in NCFGR *Puerta de Hierro*, Madrid

| RP | Clon | Name | Category | No. Trials | Mean gain (% cone production) |
|-----------|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------|-------------------------------|
| TESTED | | | | | |
| 1 | 1011 | Portillo-11 | | 2 | 26% |
| 1 | 1012 | Portillo-12 | | 3 | 20% |
| 1 | 1073 | La Vega | | 2 | 15% |
| 1 | 1123 | íscar | | 2 | 16% |
| 1 | 1201 | Valdegalindo | | 2 | 17% |
| QUALIFIED | | | | | |
| 2 | 2004 | Hoyo de Pinares | | 1 | 19% |
| 2 | 2048 | Almorox | | 1 | 19% |
| 2 | 2068 | San Martín de Valdeiglesias | | 1 | 24% |
| 3 | 3029 | El Provencio | | 1 | 31% |
| 3 | 3048 | Pozoamargo | | 1 | 21% |
| 3 | 3057 | Casas de Haro | | 1 | 23% |
| 3 | 3063 | El Picazo | | 1 | 22% |
| 6 | 6010 | Sta. Coloma de Farners | | 1 | 9% |
| 6 | 6015 | Llagostera | | 1 | 11% |
| 6 | 6053 | Dosrius | | 1 | 9% |

Recommendations for use: provenance vs plasticity?

- Two studies on 3 and on 4 clone trials at different altitudes/climate zones showed differences in **phenotypic plasticity** along a continental ecological gradient:
 - ~ **some clones perform best in colder sites, but average in warmer, and vice versa.**
- (Mutke, 2008)

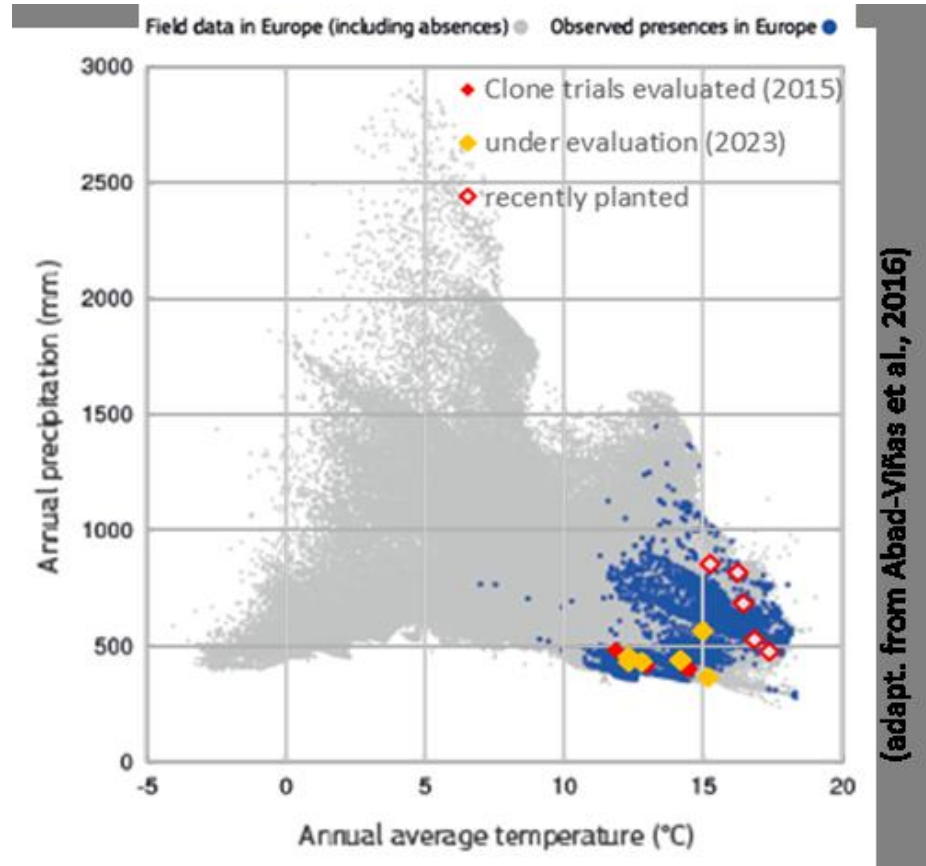


- Some previous studies in common gardens established some provenance differentiation, but significant only after adjusting for microsite effect (spatial autocorrelation)

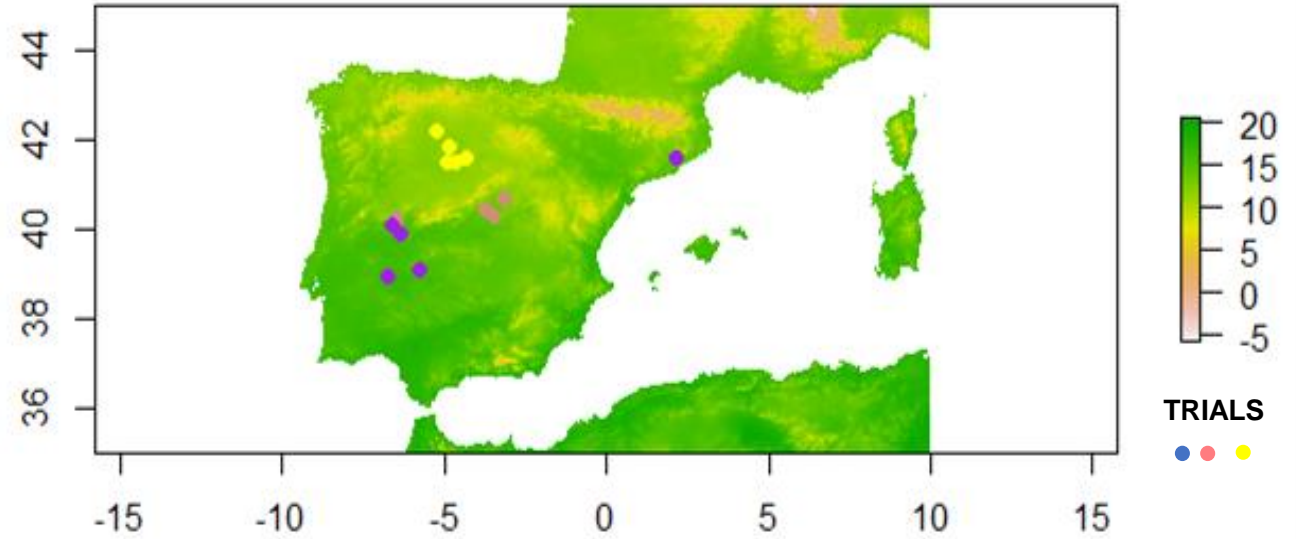
PENDING: TEST CORRELATION BETWEEN ELITE CLONE PRODUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Climate envelope

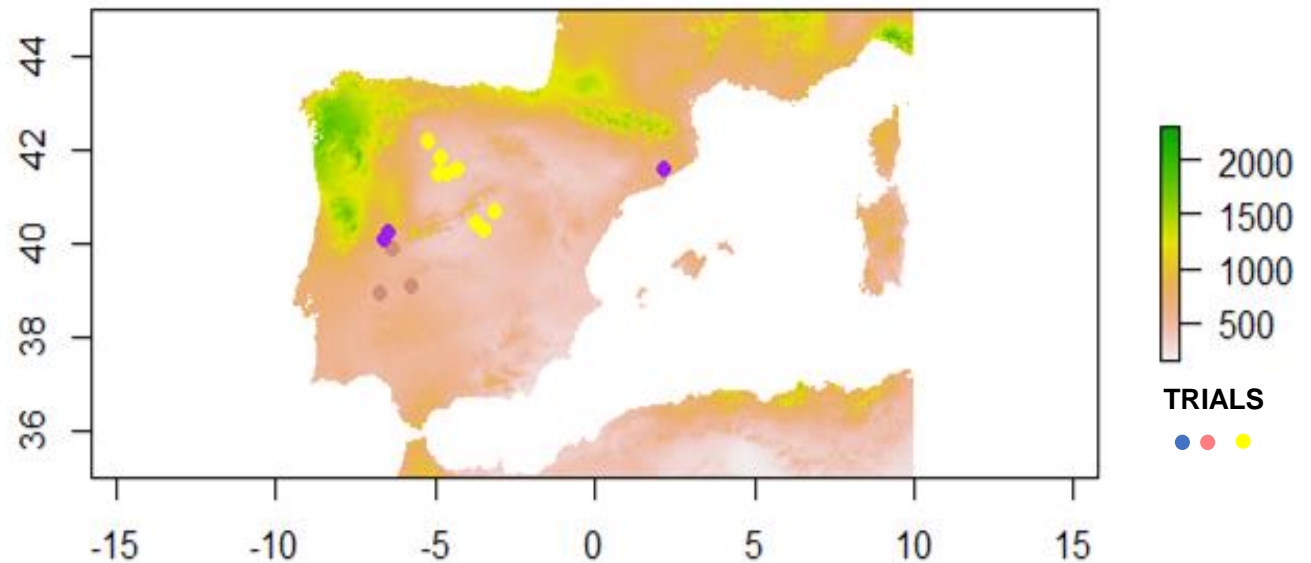
Have we covered the species climate range?







Mean annual temperature (°C)



Mean annual precipitation (mm)



Next actions

- Formalisation of SNPs as a tool for clone identification method 
- Evaluation of new clone banks (2 MITECO, 1 IRTA, 1 JCyL) 
- Re-examination of “old” banks to expand number of elite clones (using SNPs identification)
- Registration of the new resulting clones and revision previous registered clones.
- Establishment of demonstration plots (Extremadura) 
- Test planting layouts and pruning intensity effect
- Test clone effect on production damage (*Leptoglossus occidentalis* H.) 



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21 A 23 DE NOVEMBRO

Responsible Entity:



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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